Small towns are going digital - how can ICT and digital technologies improve public services and quality of living and doing business in small cities

Survey and debate results – LATVIA (Ludza District partnership)



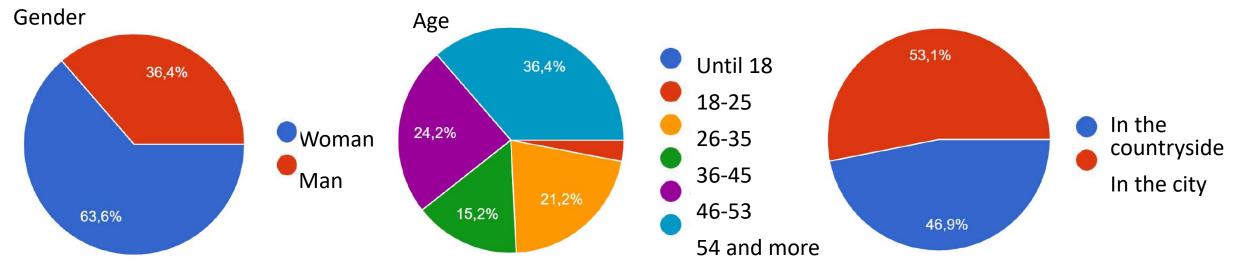


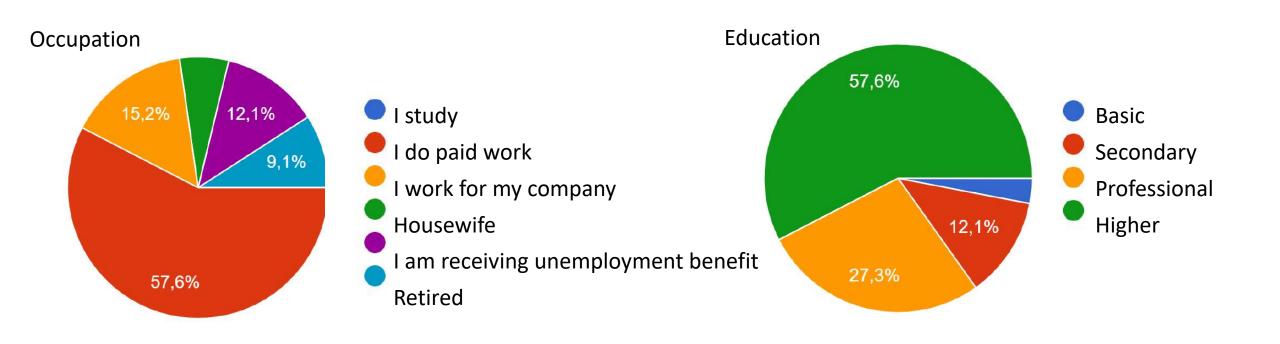




Description of respondents https://forms.gle/NrbjGarktrrMDbHd9

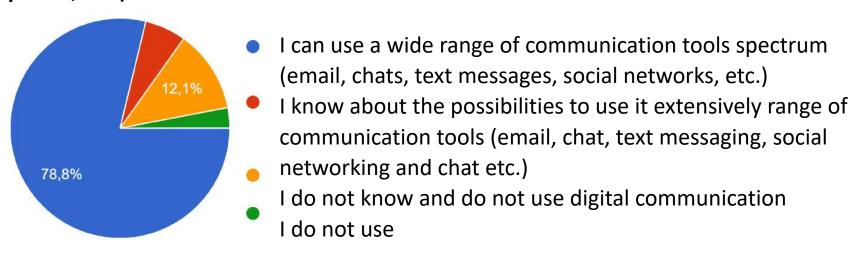






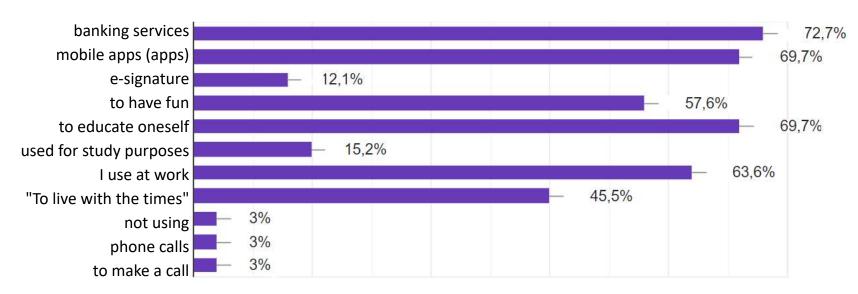


Do you use digital technologies (eg computer, internet, cell phone, etc.) for communication?



Why do you use modern technology in your daily life?

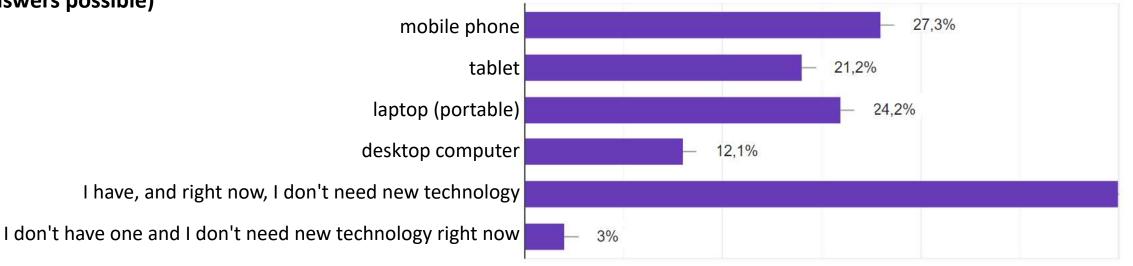
(multiple answers possible)





45.5%

If you do not have, which of the following technologies would you use to improve your quality of life or business? (multiple answers possible)

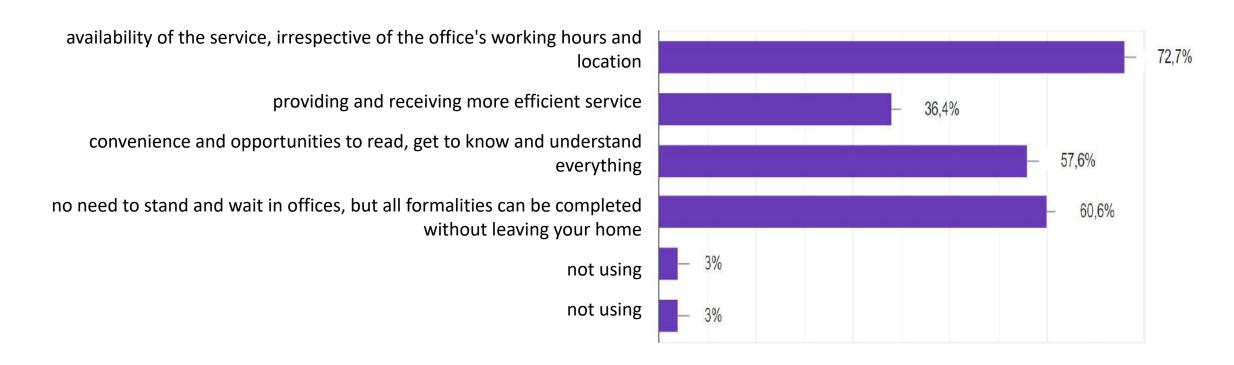


How do you use digital technology in public services?



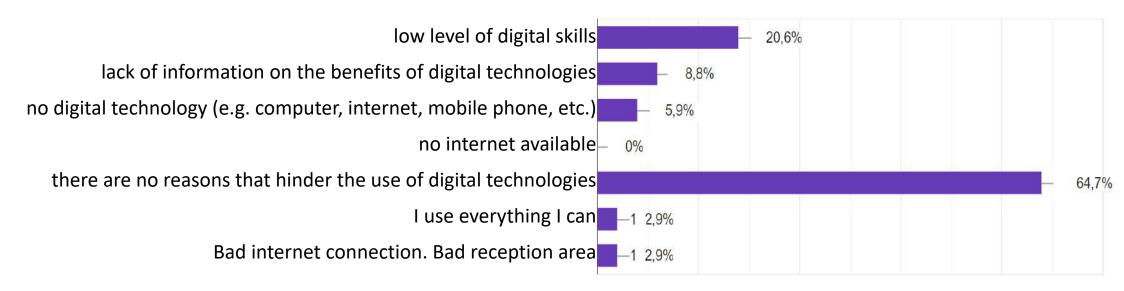


What are your benefits as a small town citizen with e-services that improve your quality of life?

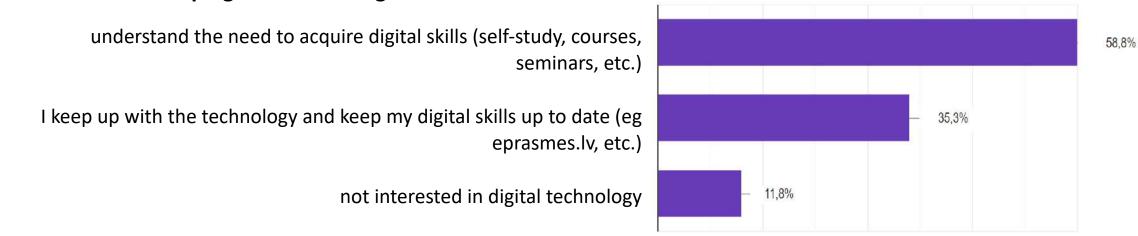




What are the main reasons that stop you from using digital technology completely?

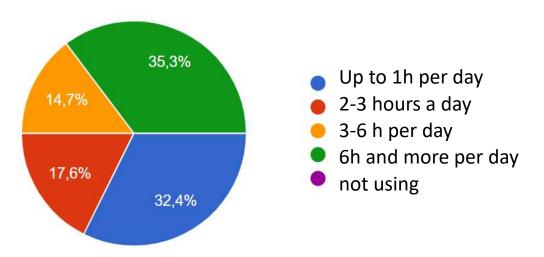


Are you interested in developing skills in the digital field?

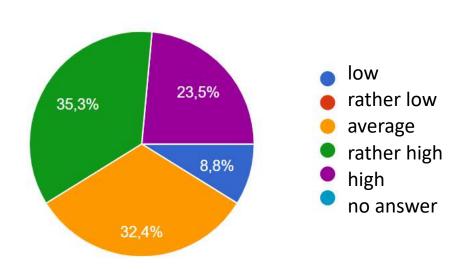




How much time a day do you spend using modern technology?

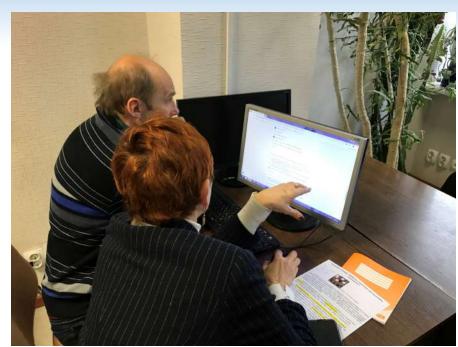


How would you describe the level at which digital technologies improve public services, quality of life for citizens and entrepreneurs in small cities?



Debates











Debate and survey conclusions

- Digital technologies allow rural businesses to reach new and wider markets.
- The rural retailers and manufacturers who set up the website provide direct access to consumers through social media and smartphone applications, thus increasing both sales and profits.
- In the real rural environment, many people lack digital and ICT skills (mostly older people).
- For small towns, technology offers new opportunities to improve entrepreneurship.
- Farmers want to continuously develop their business, try different new technologies and become more independent from outside services.
- Computers with Internet access are available free of charge in all libraries in the Ludza District Partnership area. Anyone can take the opportunity: use electronic means of communication to communicate with state or municipal institutions (eg www.ludza.lv/, karsava.lv, www.zilupe.lv, ciblasnovads.com, www.latvija.lv etc.), as well as submit electronically completed forms to state or municipal institutions.
- Cash mashines (ATMs) are available in all districts of the Ludza District Partnership.
- Because Ludza District partneship area is far from the capital, people often do not have access to the various educational courses that take
 place in Capital city Riga, so local people sometimes use e-courses to improve their knowledge.
- Most locals use a mobile phone. Mostly retired people and older people other digital tools like computer, tablet, internet, etc. cannot use due to lack of knowledge and skills.

Thank You for your attention!